

# WDDP-II RESULTS: DATASETS DESCRIPTION & PERFORMANCE OF 2 CANDIDATE INDICATORS

Reaching Consensus on a Global Dietary Diversity Indicator for Women,  
Washington, DC, July 15–16, 2014

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Yves Martin-Prével on behalf of the WDDP-II core group

July 16, 2014



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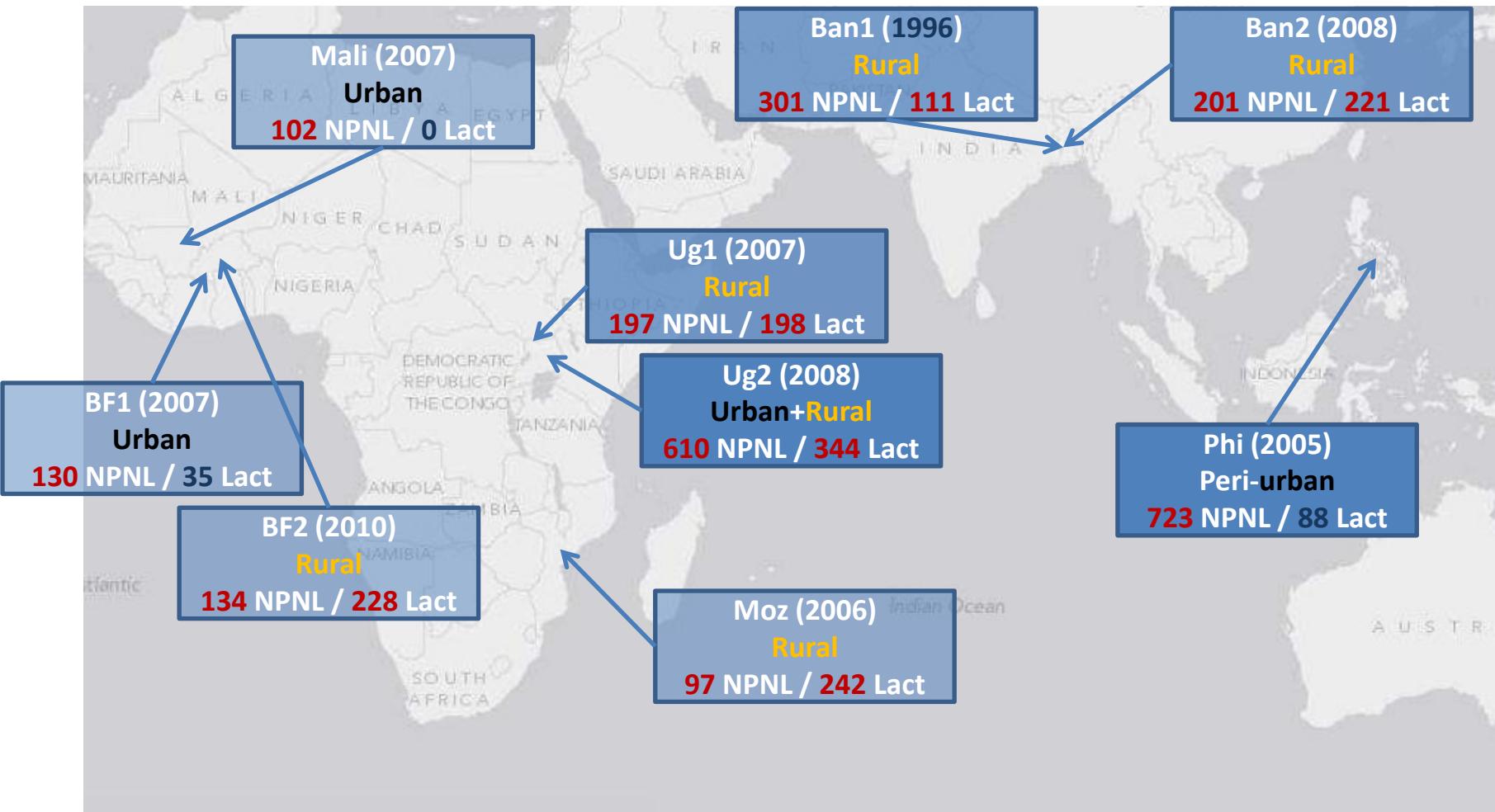
# Outline

- Brief datasets description
- Characteristics of women's food consumption
- Performance of 2 candidate food group indicators (FGI) at the individual level
  - Correlation between FGIs and Mean Probability of Adequacy (MPA)
  - Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve (ROC) analysis
  - Sensitivity/Specificity (selection of best FGI and MPA cutoffs)
- Relationships between characteristics of the diet and dichotomous FGIs at the population level
- Conclusion

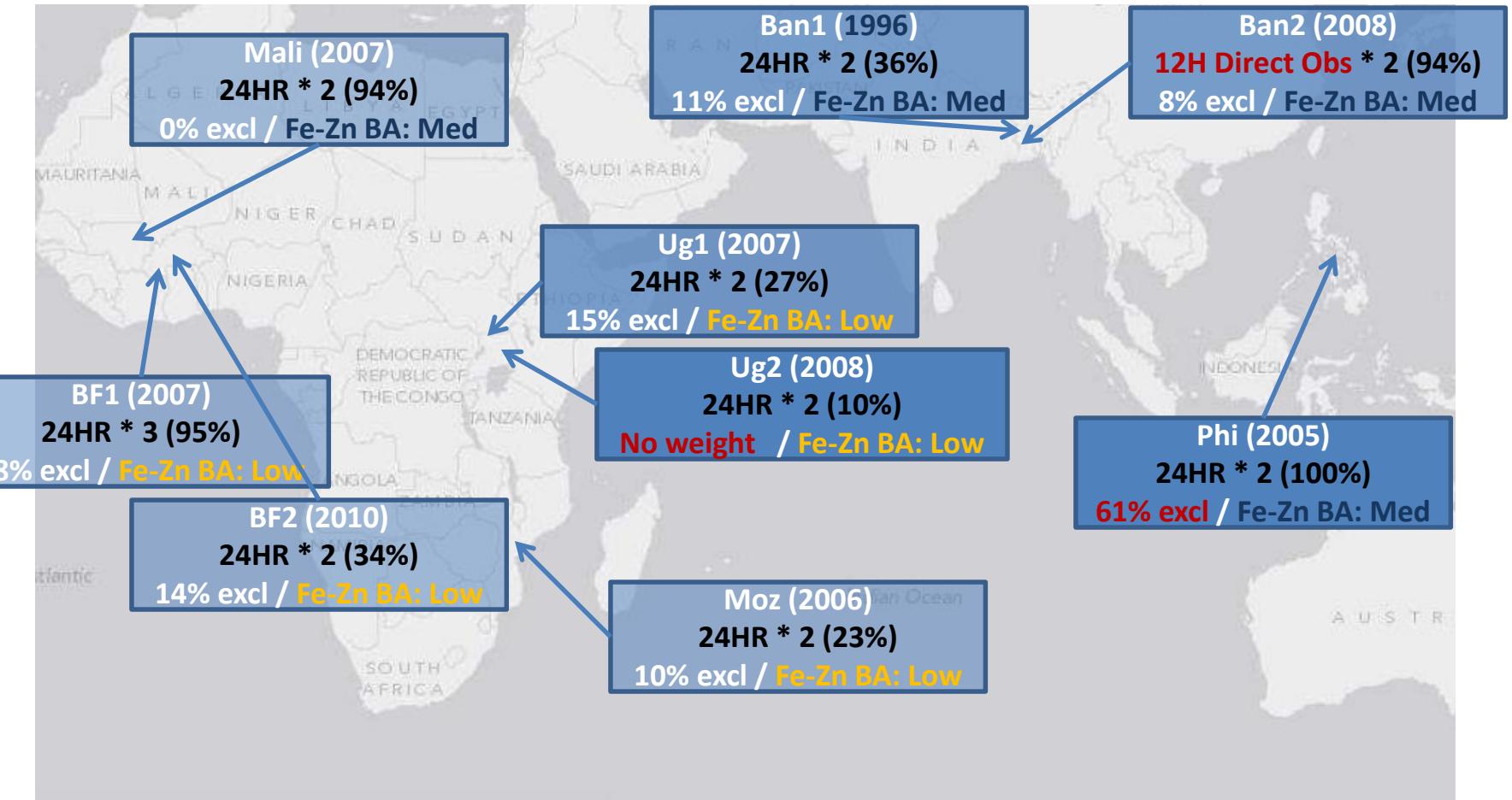
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# The 9 WDDP-II data sets



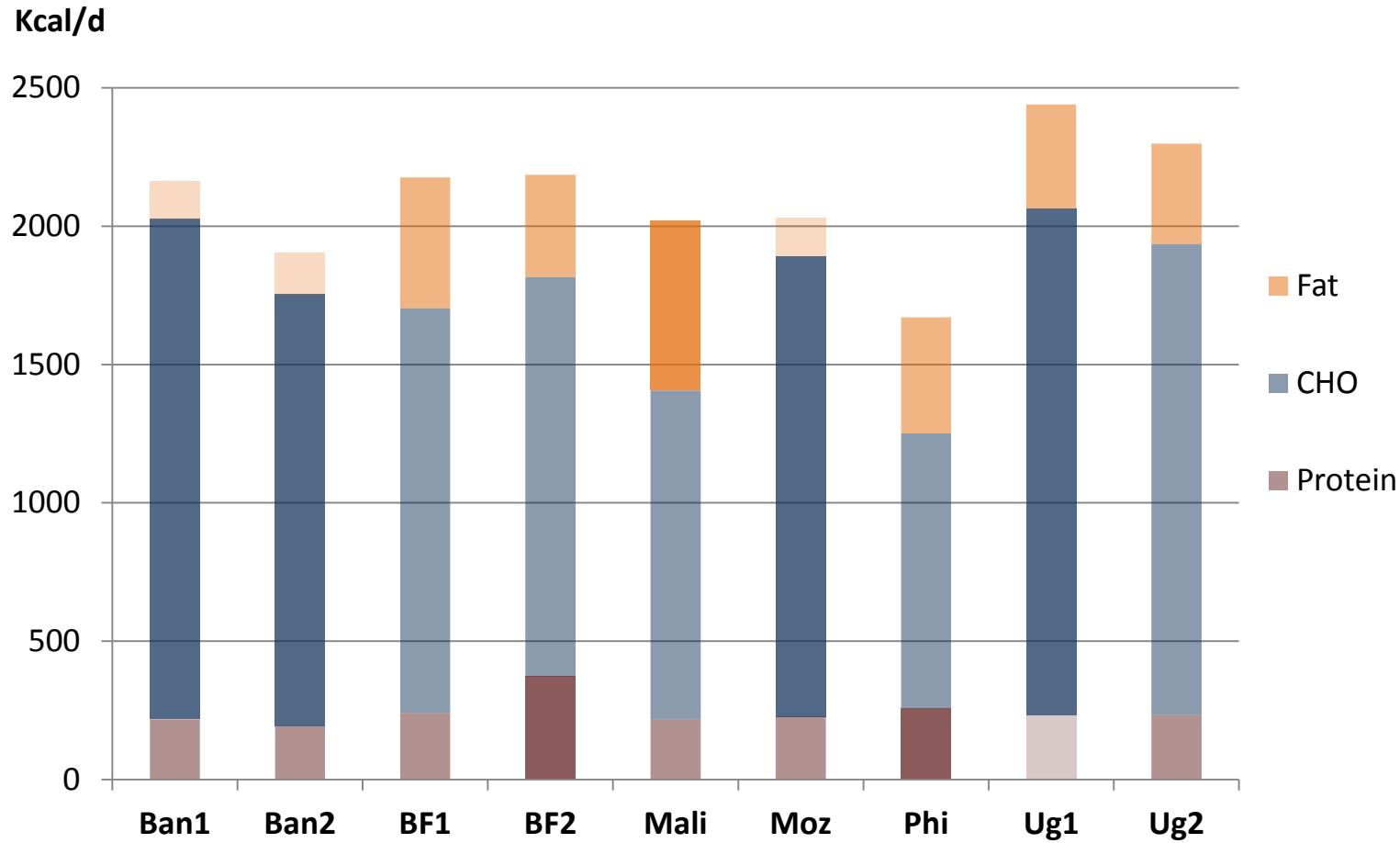
# Methods of dietary data collection



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# Consumption of energy and macronutrients



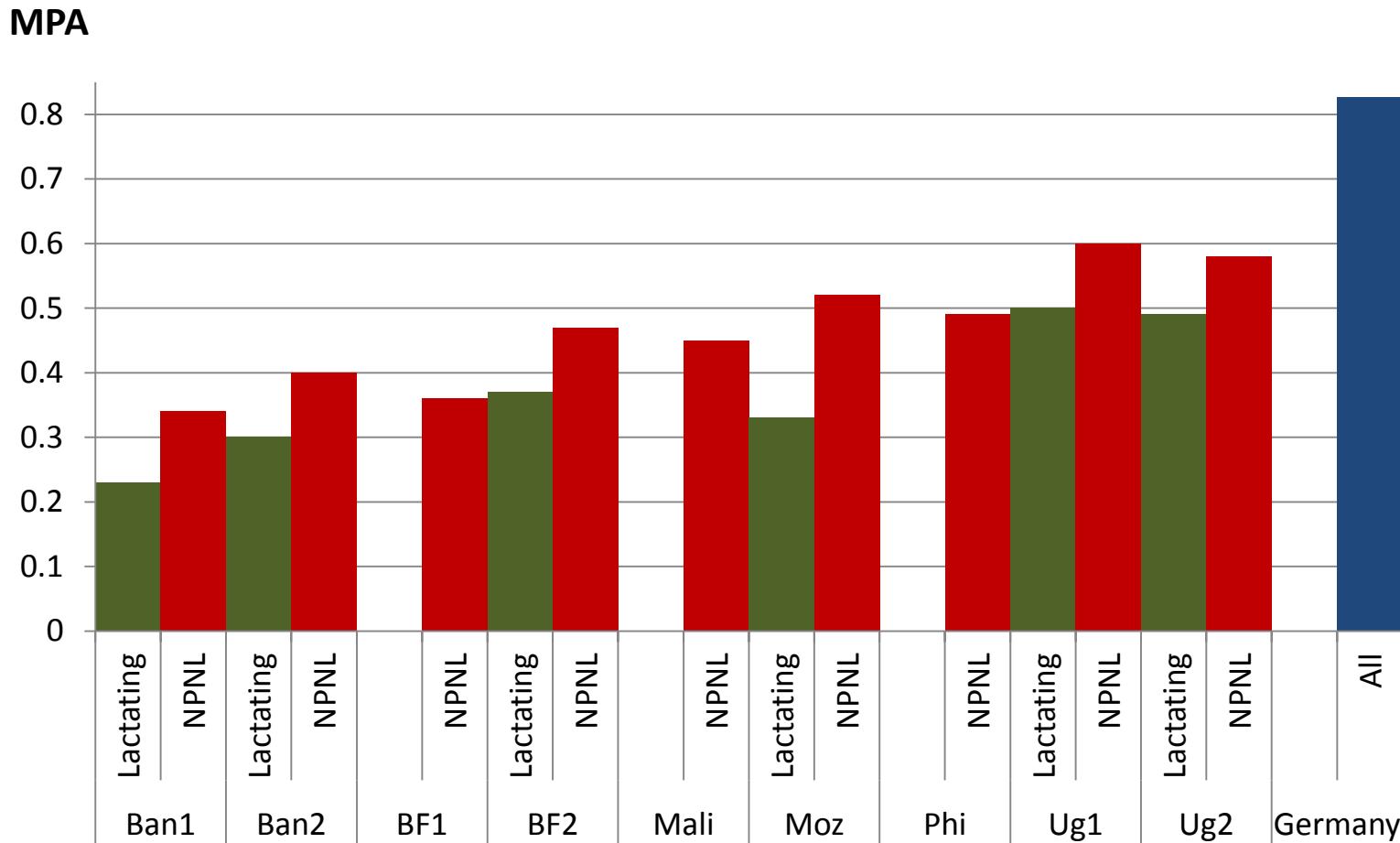
# PAs and MPA across 11 micronutrients

## among Non Pregnant Non Lactating (NPNL) women

Dataset	MPA	PAs										
		Thia	Ribo	Niac	VitB6	Folat	B12	VitC	VitA	Calc	Iron	Zinc
Ban1	<b>0.34</b>	0.09	0.15	0.30	0.82	0.02	0.20	0.52	0.53	0.04	0.10	0.93
Ban2	<b>0.40</b>	0.62	0.01	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.01	0.74	0.38	0.00	0.09	0.60
BF1	<b>0.36</b>	0.45	0.11	0.19	0.64	0.15	0.08	0.66	0.73	0.03	0.16	0.77
BF2	<b>0.47</b>	0.61	0.67	0.79	0.59	0.36	0.03	0.33	0.32	0.18	0.37	0.95
Mali	<b>0.45</b>	0.60	0.28	0.31	0.67	0.00	0.17	0.88	0.50	0.04	0.53	0.96
Moz	<b>0.52</b>	0.68	0.45	0.49	0.90	0.45	0.23	0.90	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.76
Phi1	<b>0.49</b>	0.29	0.23	0.89	0.74	0.71	0.84	0.22	0.60	0.01	0.23	0.60
Ug1	<b>0.60</b>	0.91	0.50	0.83	0.99	0.53	0.21	0.98	0.82	0.05	0.04	0.76
Ug2	<b>0.58</b>	0.83	0.65	0.76	0.89	0.76	0.04	0.87	0.85	0.06	0.07	0.61
Color code PAs:		> 0.75		0.5 – 0.75		0.25 – 0.50		< 0.25				

Datasets in **bold** used medium bio-availability for Fe and Zn (not in bold: low bio-availability)

# MPA across 11 micronutrients among NPNL and lactating women



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# Two candidate FGIs (reminder)

FGI-9	FGI-10
1 All starchy staples	1 All starchy staples
2 All legumes and nuts	2 Beans and peas 3 Nuts and seeds
3 All dairy	4 All dairy
4 Organ meat	5 Flesh foods (including organ meat and miscellaneous small animal protein)
5 Flesh foods and miscell. small animal protein	
6 Eggs	6 Eggs
7 Vitamin A-rich dark green leafy vegetables	7 Vitamin A-rich dark green leafy vegetables
8 Other vitamin A-rich vegetables and fruits	8 Other vitamin A-rich vegetables and fruits
9 Other fruits and vegetables	9 Other vegetables 10 Other fruits

NB: The remaining of this presentation will consider only 'restricted' indicators (i.e. minimum 15g consumption for a group to count in the score) referred to as **FGI-9R** and **FGI-10R**

# % consumption of each group (All women)

FGI-9R		Ban1	Ban2	BF1	BF2	Mali	Moz	Phi	Ug1	Ug2	
<b>1</b>	All starchy staples	<b>100</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>95</b>							
<b>2</b>	All legumes and nuts	33	38	61	71	39	56	45	78	85	
<b>3</b>	All dairy	<b>18</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	47	<b>0</b>	29	<b>16</b>	23	
<b>4</b>	Organ meat	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>5</b>	Flesh foods and miscell.	<b>57</b>	39	<b>73</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>95</b>	41	<b>98</b>	41	30	
<b>6</b>	Eggs	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>7</b>	Vitamin A-rich DGLV	49	44	<b>51</b>	48	28	34	25	27	34	
<b>8</b>	Other vitamin A-rich F&V	<b>16</b>	20	33	<b>6</b>	25	<b>77</b>	22	47	66	
<b>9</b>	Other fruits and vegetables	<b>82</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>93</b>	44	<b>100</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>68</b>	
<b>Mean FGI score</b>		<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.1</b>	
		(SD)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(0.8)	(1.1)	(0.8)	(1.6)	(0.9)	(1.2)
<b>% of women cons. ≥ 5 groups</b>		<b>20%</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>42%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>41%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>36%</b>	
		(N)	(82)	(78)	(76)	(6)	(43)	(59)	(351)	(141)	(339)

# % consumption of each group (All women)

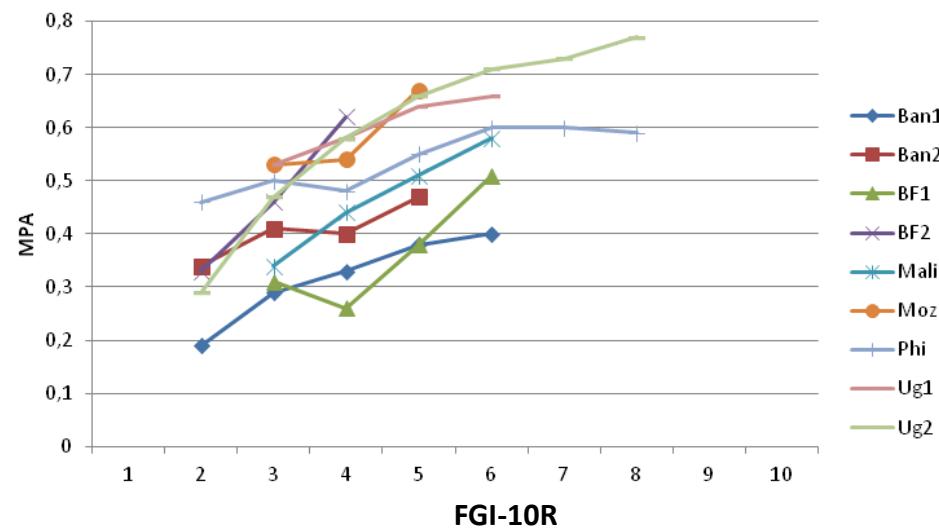
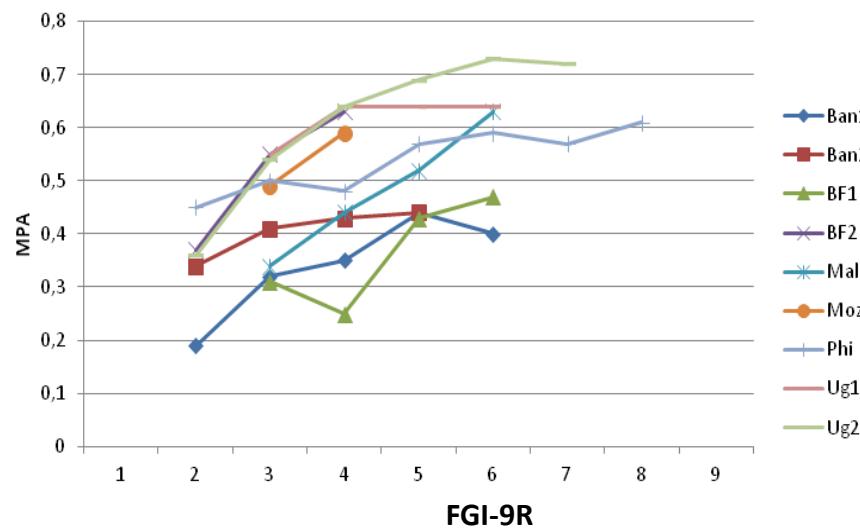
FGI-10R		Ban1	Ban2	BF1	BF2	Mali	Moz	Phi	Ug1	Ug2
<b>1</b>	All starchy staples	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	95
<b>2</b>	Beans and peas	20	36	27	29	4	51	44	39	69
<b>3</b>	Nuts and seeds	17	2	41	55	36	12	3	56	40
<b>4</b>	All dairy	18	11	17	2	47	0	29	16	23
<b>5</b>	All Flesh foods and miscell.	57	39	73	15	95	41	98	41	30
<b>6</b>	Eggs	3	12	1	0	7	6	32	6	6
<b>7</b>	Vitamin A-rich DGLV	49	44	51	48	28	34	25	27	34
<b>8</b>	Other vitamin A-rich F&V	16	20	33	6	25	77	22	47	66
<b>9</b>	Other vegetables	74	89	92	43	100	45	60	85	41
<b>10</b>	Other fruits	26	16	7	2	7	19	19	63	57
<b>Mean FGI score</b>		<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.6</b>
		(SD)	(1.2)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(0.9)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.6)	(1.4)
<b>% of women cons. ≥ 5 groups</b>		<b>26%</b>	<b>23%</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>41%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>52%</b>
		(N)	(109)	(96)	(84)	(21)	(45)	(92)	(350)	(494)

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# Correlations between FGIs and MPA (NPNL Women)

NB: datapoints with fewer than 10 women are not presented in the graphs



	NC	C
Ban1	0.508 ***	0.451 ***
Ban2	0.341 ***	0.323 ***
BF1	0.414 ***	0.379 ***
BF2	0.459 ***	0.403 ***
Mali	0.473 ***	0.491 ***
Moz	0.420 ***	0.259 **
Phi	0.263 ***	0.246 ***
Ug1	0.268 ***	0.317 ***
Ug2	0.490 ***	0.285 ***

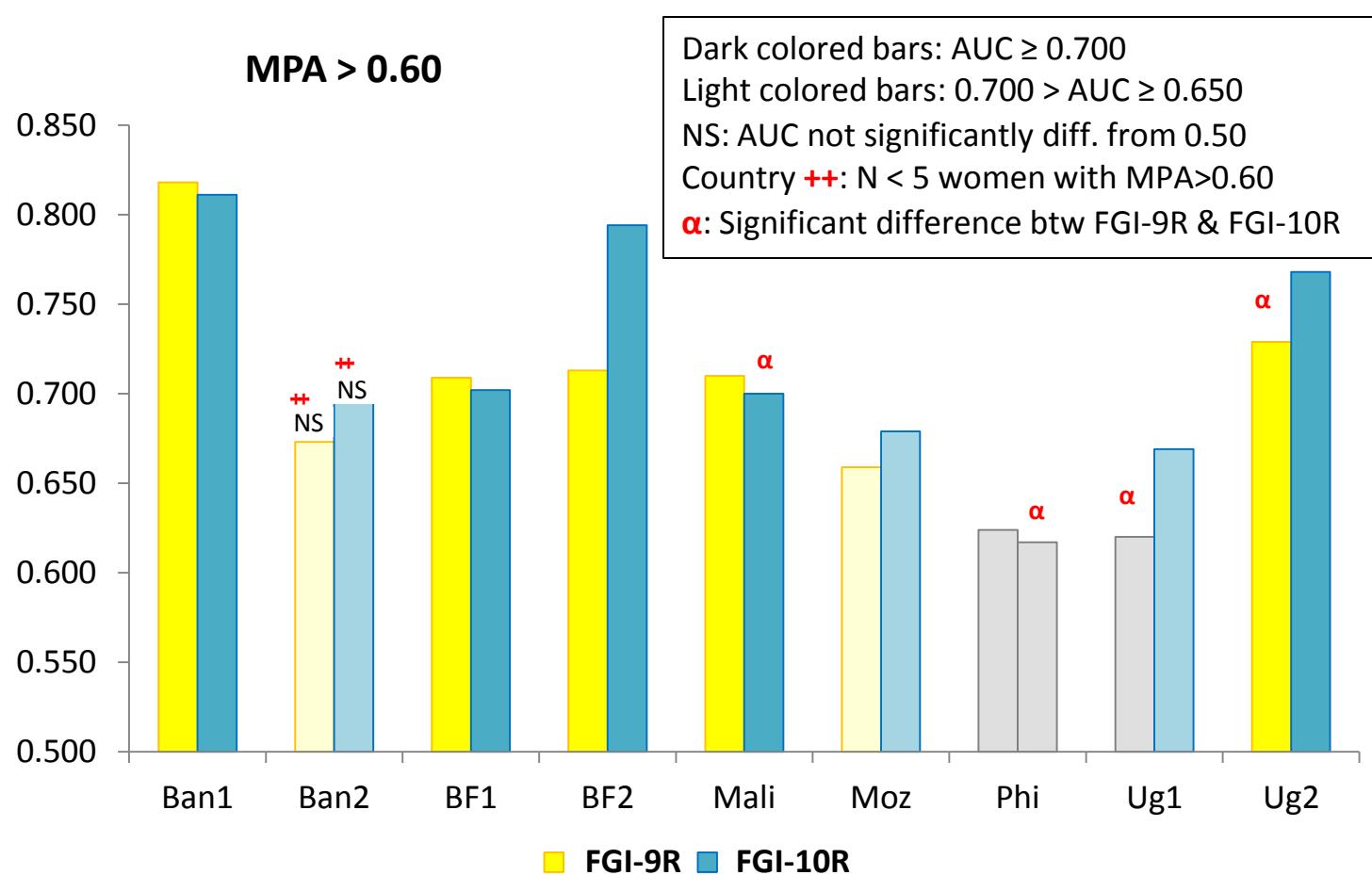
	NC	C
Ban1	0.502 ***	0.444 ***
Ban2	0.361 ***	0.325 ***
BF1	0.436 ***	0.393 ***
BF2	0.554 ***	0.459 ***
Mali	0.449 ***	0.475 ***
Moz	0.415 ***	0.308 **
Phi	0.254 ***	0.234 ***
Ug1	0.309 ***	0.289 ***
Ug2	0.558 ***	0.308 ***

NC / C: Not Controlled / Controlled for energy

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# AUC values for the 2 candidate FGI-Rs



# AUC values for the 2 candidate FGI-Rs

MPA > 0.60				
	FGI-9R	FGI-10R	Difference (FGI-10R - FGI-9R)	P-value
<b>Ban1</b>	0.818	0.811	-0.007	0.701
<b>Ban2</b>	0.673	0.695	0.022	0.673
<b>BF1</b>	0.709	0.702	-0.007	0.730
<b>BF2</b>	0.743	0.794	0.051	0.588
<b>Mali</b>	0.710	0.700	-0.010	0.012
<b>Moz</b>	0.636	0.680	0.044	0.028
<b>Phi</b>	0.624	0.617	-0.007	0.048
<b>Ug1</b>	0.620	0.669	0.049	0.261
<b>Ug2</b>	0.729	0.768	0.039	0.000

Color code: AUC<0.650    0.650≤AUC<0.700    0.700≤AUC<0.750    0.750≤AUC≤0.800    0.800≤AUC    P<0.05

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# Selection of « best cutoff »

(example: FGI-9R dataset:Ban1)

N <sup>a</sup>	Food group cutoffs	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Proportion of false positives	Proportion of false negatives	Total proportion misclassified
<b>MPA &gt; 0.50</b>							
301	≥1	100	0	13.6	86.4	0	86.4
299	≥2	100	0.8	13.7	85.7	0	85.7
252	≥3	100	18.8	16.3	70.1	0	70.1
161	≥4	90.2	52.3	23	41.2	1.3	42.5
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>53.7</b>	<b>84.2</b>	<b>34.9</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>19.9</b>
11	≥6	7.3	96.9	27.3	2.7	12.6	15.3
1	≥7	0	99.6	0	0.3	13.6	14
0	≥8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	≥9	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MPA &gt; 0.60</b>							
301	≥1	100	0	6.3	93.7	0	93.7
299	≥2	100	0.7	6.4	93	0	93
252	≥3	100	17.4	7.5	77.4	0	77.4
161	≥4	94.7	49.3	11.2	47.5	0.3	47.8
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>68.4</b>	<b>82.3</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>18.6</b>
11	≥6	15.8	97.2	27.3	2.7	5.3	8
1	≥7	0	99.6	0	0.3	6.3	6.6
0	≥8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	≥9	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MPA &gt; 0.70</b>							
301	≥1	100	0	3.7	96.3	0	96.3
299	≥2	100	0.7	3.7	95.7	0	95.7
252	≥3	100	16.9	4.4	80.1	0	80.1
161	≥4	90.9	47.9	6.2	50.2	0.3	50.5
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>80.7</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>19.9</b>
11	≥6	27.3	97.2	27.3	2.7	2.7	5.3
1	≥7	0	99.7	0	0.3	3.7	4
0	≥8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	≥9	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>a</sup> Nb of women at or above the FG cutoff

# Selection of « best cutoff »

(example: FGI-9R dataset:Ban1)

N <sup>a</sup>	Food group cutoffs	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Proportion of false positives	Proportion of false negatives	Total proportion misclassified
<b>MPA &gt; 0.50</b>							
301	≥1	100	0	13.6	86.4	0	86.4
299	≥2	100	0.8	13.7	85.7	0	85.7
252	≥3	100	18.8	16.3	70.1	0	70.1
161	≥4	90.2	52.3	23	41.2	1.3	42.5
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>53.7</b>	<b>84.2</b>	<b>34.9</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>19.9</b>
11	≥6	7.3	96.9	27.3	2.7	12.6	15.3
1	≥7	0	99.6	0	0.3	13.6	14
0		-	-	-	-	-	
0		-	-	-	-	-	
<b>MPA &gt; 0.60</b>							
301	≥1	0	0	6.3	93.7	-	-
299	≥2	0	0.7	6.4	93	-	-
252	≥3	100	17.4	7.5	77.4	-	-
161	≥4	94.7	49.3	11.2	47.5	0.3	47.8
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>68.4</b>	<b>82.3</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>18.6</b>
11	≥6	15.8	97.2	27.3	2.7	5.3	8
1	≥7	0	99.6	0	-	-	-
0	≥8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	≥9	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MPA &gt; 0.70</b>							
301	≥1	100	0	3.7	96.3	-	-
299	≥2	100	0.7	3.7	95.7	-	-
252	≥3	100	16.9	4.4	80.1	0	80.1
161	≥4	90.9	47.9	6.2	50.2	0.3	50.5
<b>63</b>	<b>≥5</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>80.7</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>19.9</b>
11	≥6	27.3	97.2	27.3	2.7	2.7	5.3
1	≥7	0	99.7	0	0.3	3.7	4
0	≥8	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	≥9	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>a</sup> Nb of women at or above the FG cutoff

# Selection of « best cutoff »

## Results for FGI-9R at MPA > 0.60

Range of values over all datasets

Food group cutoffs	Sensitivity	Specificity	Total proportion of misclassified	Datasets with "Best" cutoff				
<b>≥ 1</b>	100 - 100	0 - 0	43.1 - 98					
<b>≥ 2</b>	100 - 100	0 - 7.5	43.1 - 96.5					
<b>≥ 3</b>	90.2 - 100	2.5 - 49.5	38.1 - 83.8					
<b>≥ 4</b>	41.5 - 100	22.2 - 86	27.6 - 61.8	<i>Moz (39)</i>	<i>Ug2 (31)</i>			
<b>≥ 5</b>	0 - 68.4	59.6 - 98.9	18.6 - 45.7	<b>Ban1 (19)</b>	<i>BF1 (40)</i>	<i>Mali (35)</i>	<i>Phi (37)</i>	<i>Ug2 (37)</i>
<b>≥ 6</b>	0 - 37.5	81.5 - 98.4	6 - 54.3					
<b>≥ 7</b>	0 - 14.5	91.8 - 99.6	2.5 - 53.1					

**Bold font indicates rate of misclassification ≤ 30%;**      *Italic font indicates ≥ 10 women reaching the MPA level;*  
 Green highlighting indicates both sensitivity and specificity ≥ 60%;  
 Orange highlighting indicates specificity ≥ 60% and sensitivity < 60% but still ≥ 50%;  
 Yellow highlighting indicates sensitivity ≥ 60% and specificity < 60% but still ≥ 50%;

# Selection of « best cutoff »

## Results for FGI-10R at MPA > 0.60

Range of values over all datasets

Food group cutoffs	Sensitivity	Specificity	Total proportion of misclassified	Datasets with "Best" cutoff
<b>≥ 1</b>	100 - 100	0 - 0	43.1 - 98	
<b>≥ 2</b>	100 - 100	0 - 7.5	43.1 - 96.5	
<b>≥ 3</b>	91.1 - 100	2.5 - 46.2	38.8 - 83.1	
<b>≥ 4</b>	63.4 - 100	21.2 - 80.6	24.6 - 62.3	<b>BF2 (25)</b>
<b>≥ 5</b>	14.6 - 78.9	55.3 - 97.8	23.9 - 43.8	<b>Ban1 (24)</b> <i>Mali (37)</i> <i>Phi (38)</i> <i>Ug1 (36)</i> <i>Ug2 (30)</i>
<b>≥ 6</b>	0 - 50	81.1 - 98.2	8 - 45.2	<b>BF1 (21)</b>
<b>≥ 7</b>	0 - 17.7	90.5 - 100	3.5 - 54.3	

**Bold font indicates rate of misclassification ≤ 30%;**      *Italic font indicates ≥ 10 women reaching the MPA level;*  
 Green highlighting indicates both sensitivity and specificity ≥ 60%;  
 Orange highlighting indicates specificity ≥ 60% and sensitivity < 60% but still ≥ 50%;  
 Yellow highlighting indicates sensitivity ≥ 60% and specificity < 60% but still ≥ 50%;

# Se/Sp results across all datasets for the chosen cutoffs (FGI-R ≥ 5 and MPA >0.60)

FGI-9R	N <sup>a</sup>	Se	Sp	PPV	% of FP	% of FN	Total proportion misclassified
<i>Ban1</i>	63	68,4	82,1	20,6	16,7	2	18,7
Ban2	37	0	81,2	0	18,4	2	20,4
<i>BF1</i>	56	62,5	59,6	17,9	35,4	4,6	40
BF2	2	2,4	98,9	50	0,7	29,9	30,6
<i>Mali</i>	43	66,7	64,2	32,6	28,4	6,9	35,3
Moz	9	14,3	95,1	66,7	2,9	35	37,9
<i>Phi</i>	307	58,1	65,7	46,9	22,5	14,4	36,9
Ug1	62	37,5	76,5	67,7	10,2	35,5	45,7
<i>Ug2</i>	226	49	78,7	75,2	9,2	29	38,2

FGI-10R	N <sup>a</sup>	Se	Sp	PPV	% of FP	% of FN	Total proportion misclassified
<i>Ban1</i>	84	78,9	75,4	17,9	23,1	1,3	24,4
Ban2	46	25	77,2	2,2	22,4	1,5	23,9
<i>BF1</i>	61	62,5	55,3	16,4	39,2	4,6	43,8
BF2	8	14,6	97,8	75	1,5	26,1	27,6
<i>Mali</i>	45	66,7	61,7	31,1	30,4	6,9	37,3
Moz	18	35,7	94,5	83,3	3,1	27,8	30,9
<i>Phi</i>	308	56,5	64,6	45,5	23,2	14,9	38,2
Ug1	108	67	61,2	69,4	16,8	18,8	35,5
<i>Ug2</i>	317	69,5	71,1	76	12,5	17,4	29,8

<sup>a</sup> Nb of women at or above the FG cutoff

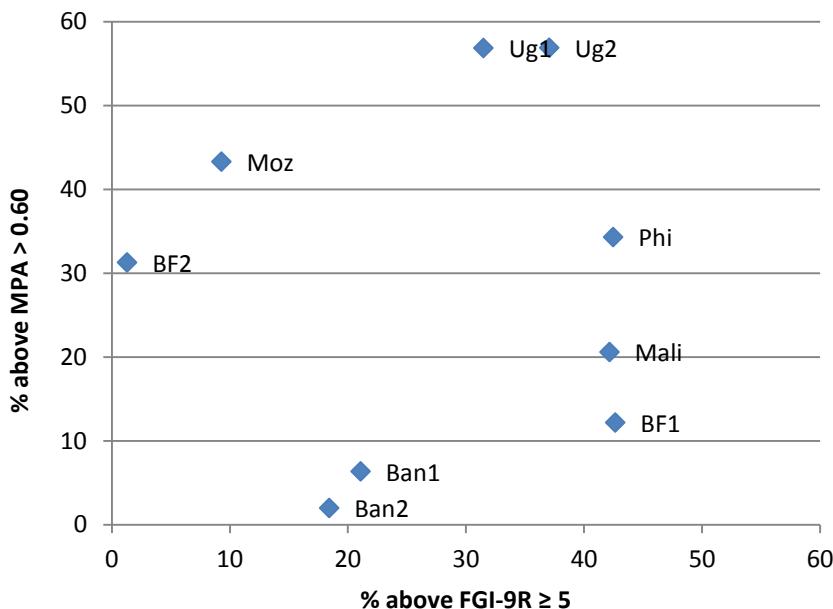
# Outline

- Brief datasets description
- Characteristics of women's food consumption
- Performance of 2 candidate food group indicators (FGI) at the individual level
  - Correlation between FGIs and Mean Probability of Adequacy (MPA)
  - Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve (ROC) analysis
  - Sensitivity/Specificity (selection of best FGI and MPA cutoffs)
- Relationships between characteristics of the diet and dichotomous FGIs at the population level
- Conclusion

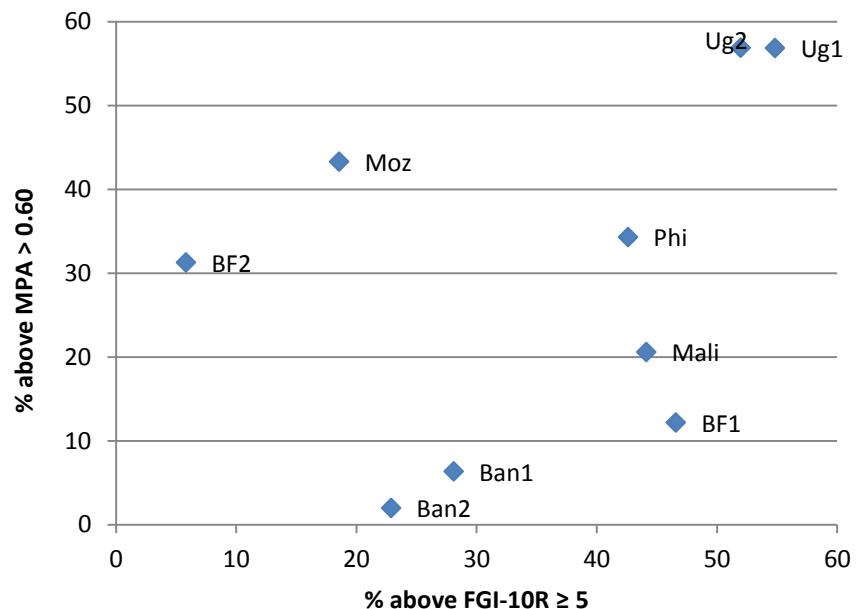
# Prevalence matching (NPNL women)

## (% women with FGI-R $\geq 5$ vs % women with MPA $> 0.60$ )

FGI-9R

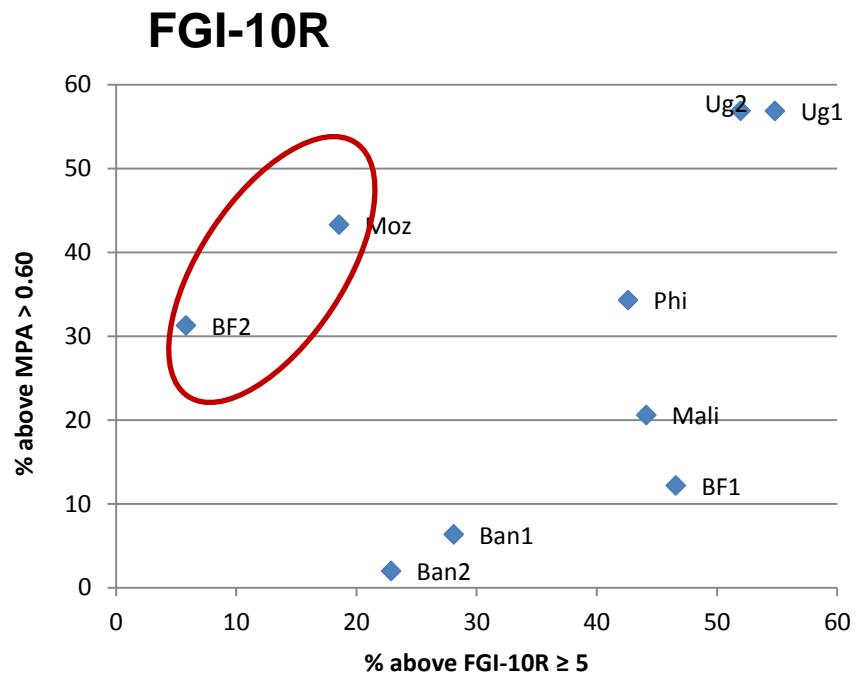
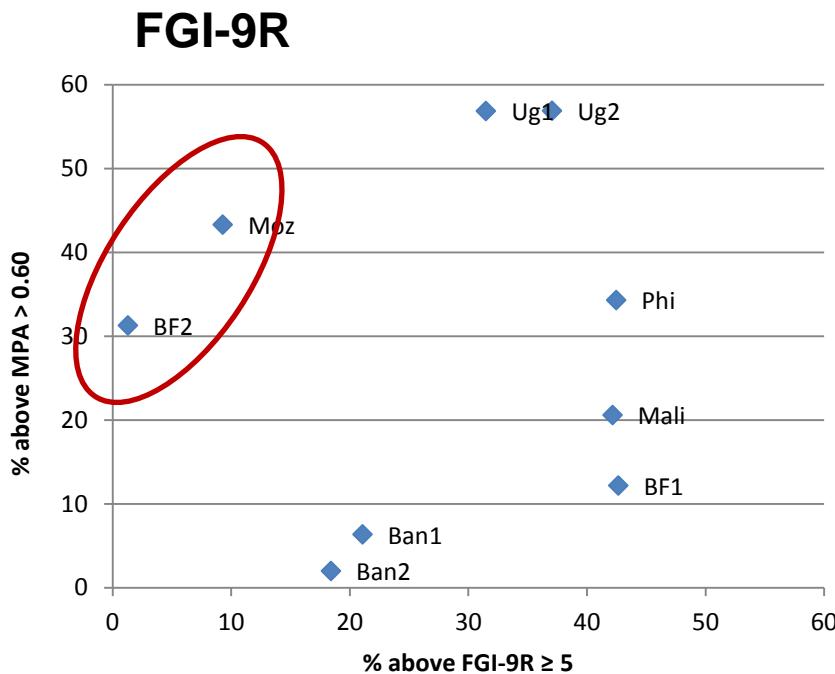


FGI-10R



# Prevalence matching (NPNL women)

(% women with FGI-R  $\geq 5$  vs % women with MPA > 0.60)

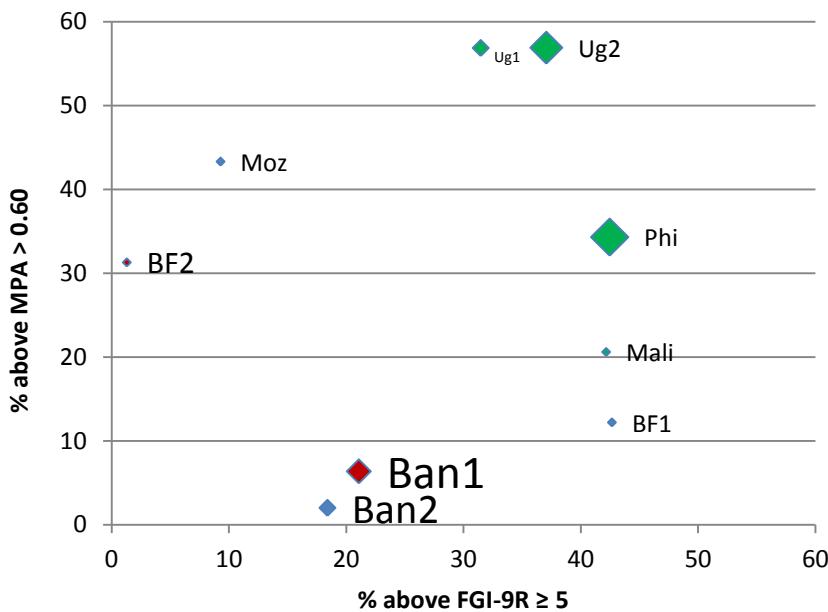


Spearmann rank correlation				
Coeff.	p-value			
0,03	0,93	All datasets (n=9)		
0,4	0,29	Without outliers (n=7)	0,36	0,43
			0,82	0,02

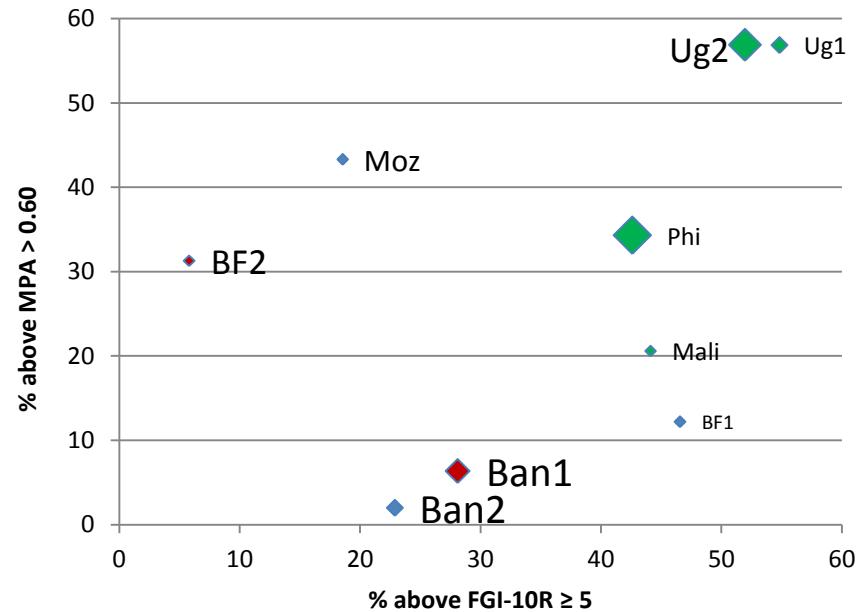
# Prevalence matching (NPNL women)

(% women with FGI-R  $\geq 5$  vs % women with MPA  $> 0.60$ )

**FGI-9R**



**FGI-10R**

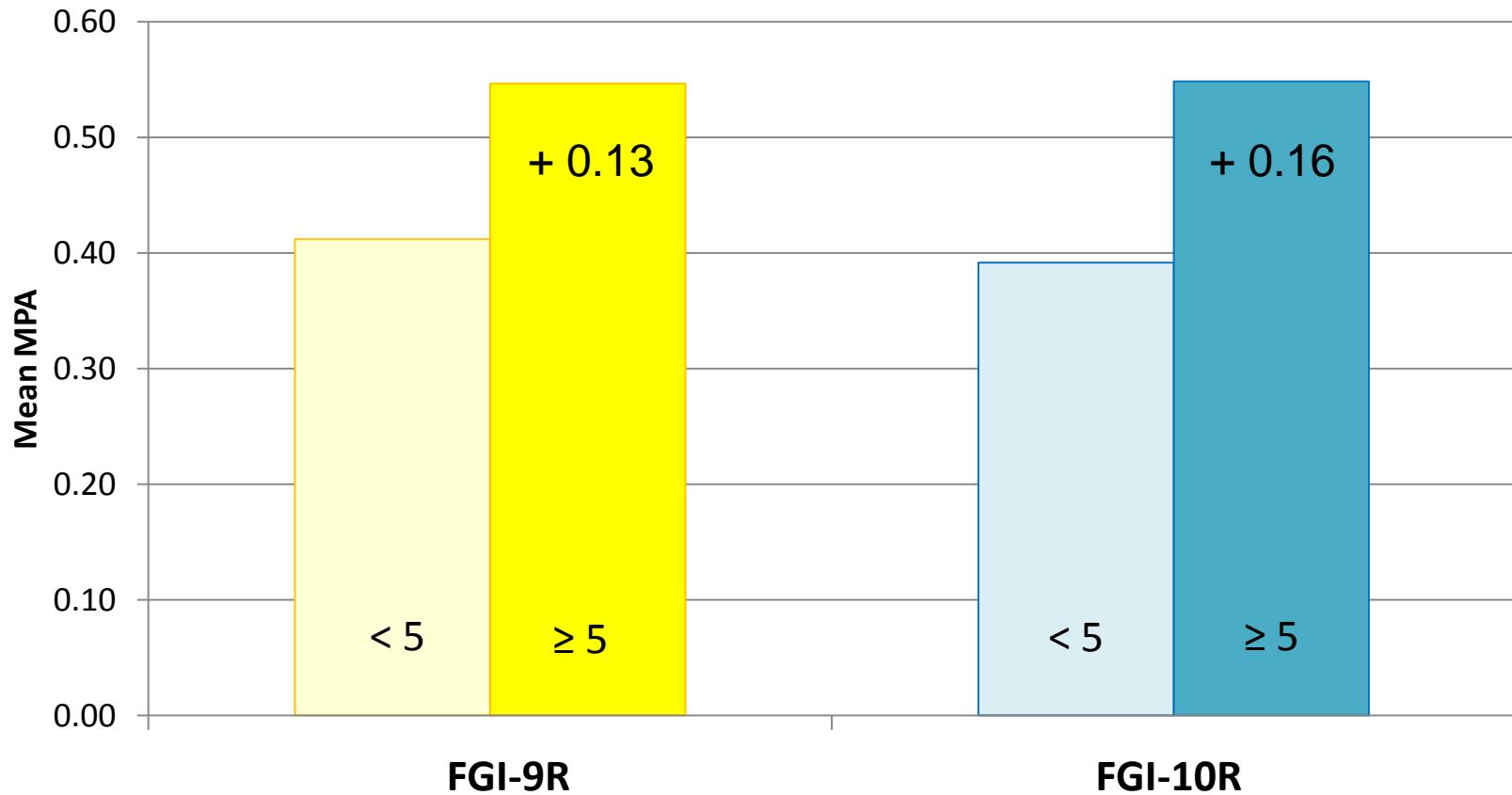


Size of the symbol is proportional to sample size in the dataset

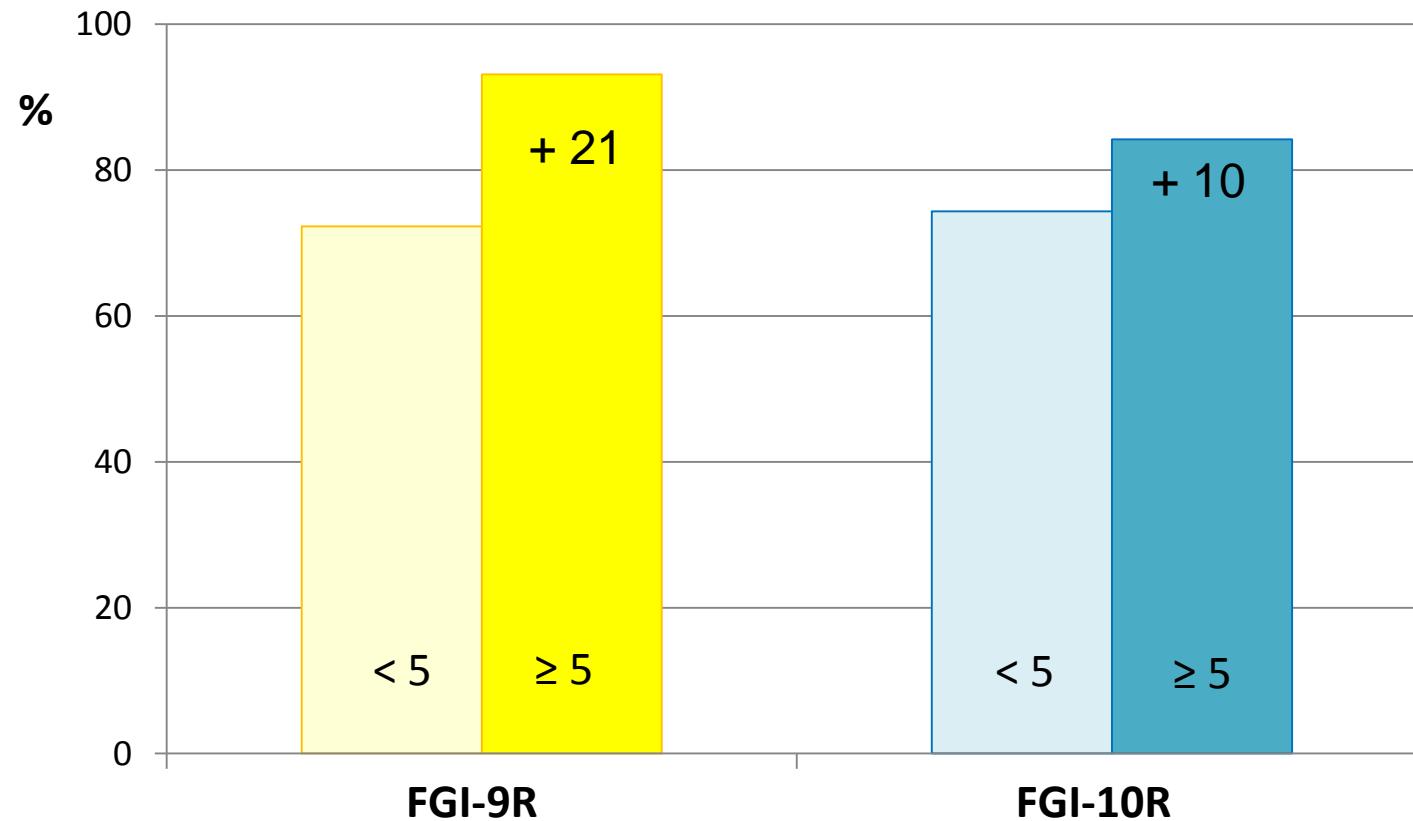
Colors according to the complexity of the diet as assessed by the mean number of food groups among 21: green > blue > red

Size of the dataset name is proportional to the percentage of misclassification for FGI-R  $\geq 5$  and MPA  $> 0.60$

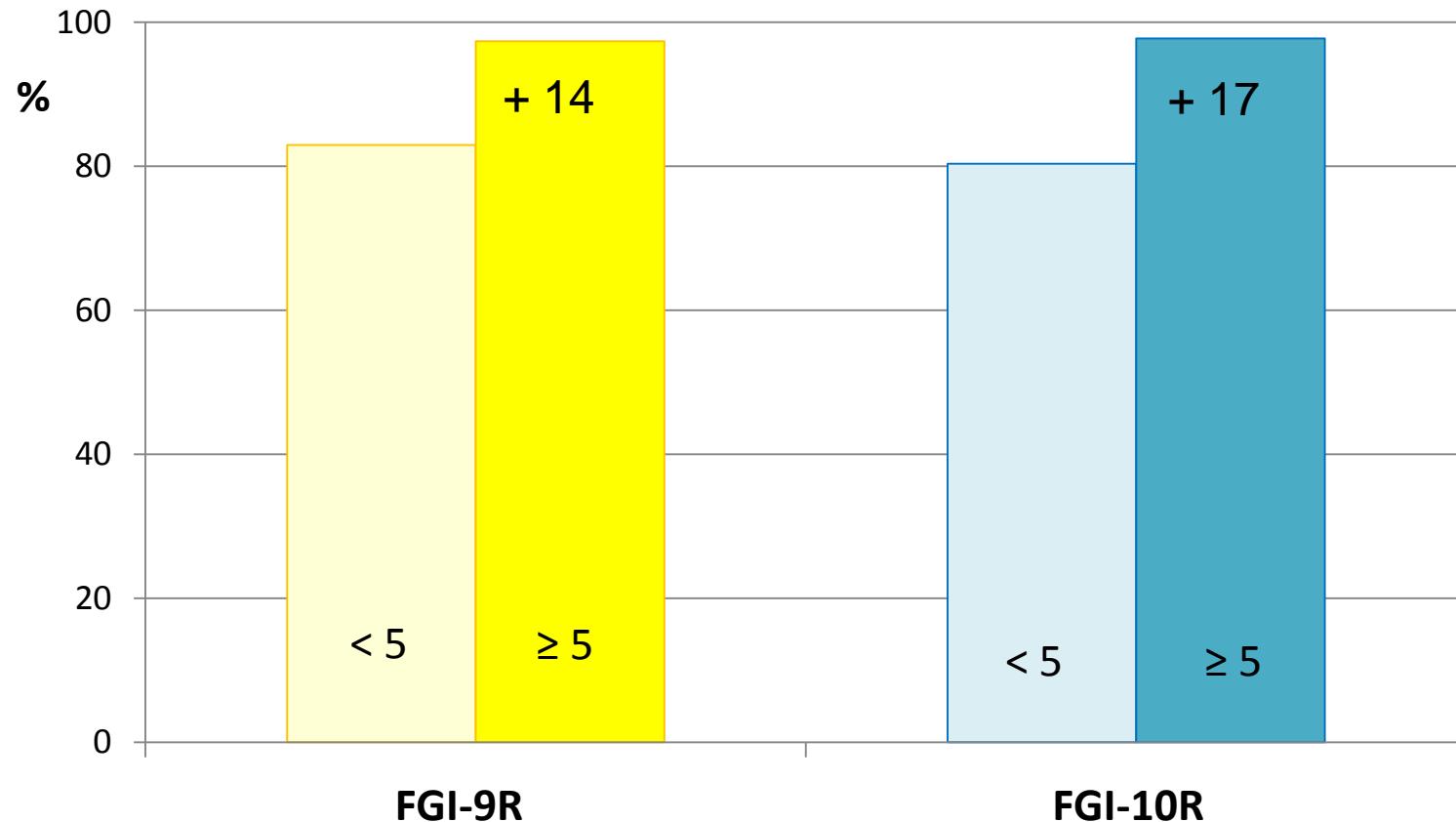
# Mean MPA (all women across all sites) at or above vs below the FGI cutoff



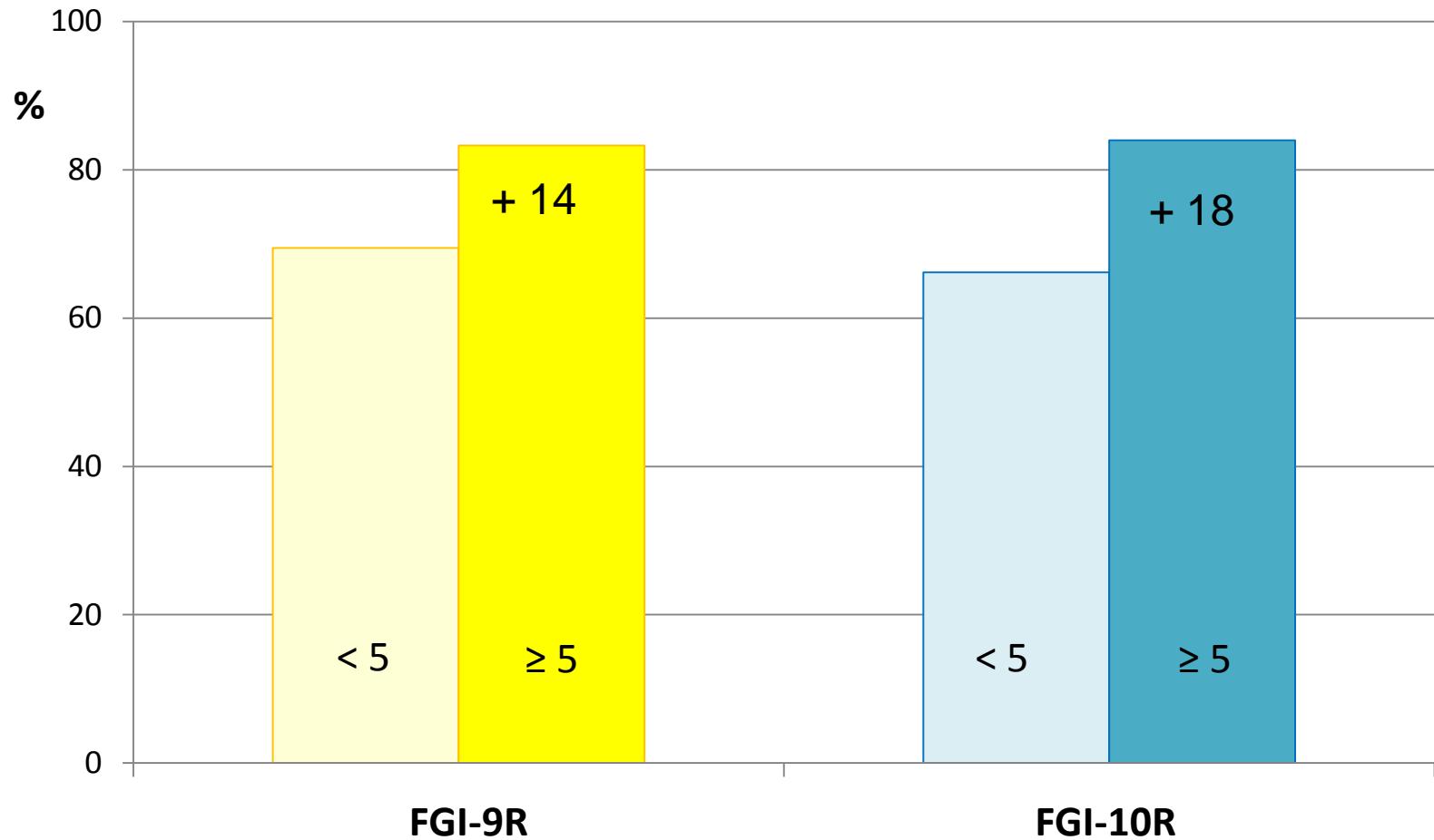
# % all women cons. $\geq 1$ animal source food at or above vs below the FGI cutoff



# % all women cons. $\geq 2$ Fruits & Vegetables at or above vs below the FGI cutoff



# % all women cons. $\geq 1$ Legume/nuts/seeds at or above vs below the FGI cutoff



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# Summary of results

- Diets were very poor in Calcium, Iron, Vitamin B12; poor also in Folate and Riboflavin (**MPA range: 0.34 to 0.60**)
- Restricted indicators (**FGI-Rs**) performed better in almost all analyses
- **At the individual level**, the 10-food group indicator tended to perform better than the 9-food group indicator
- **At the population level**, the 10-food group indicator tends to align better with the prevalence of women with MPA>0.60
- **Both dichotomous indicators are nutritionally meaningful**

# Many thanks for your attention!



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