Food for Peace Monitoring and Evaluation Information Sharing Meeting for FFP Development Food Security Activities

Food for Peace Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting Requirements

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Session
Objective

Session Objective

Review FFP project lifecycle M&E and reporting requirements:

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Annual Requirements

Midway Requirements

Project-End Requirements

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Annual Requirements

Midway Requirements

Project-End Requirements



Requirement 1: Theory of Change

- Basis for project design
- Should be based on evidence
- Basis for M&E systems (LogFrame and IPTT)
- Should address cross-cutting technical areas (gender, environment, community participation)

Requirement 1: Theory of Change

Diagram:

- Illustrates pathways linking outputs/ outcomes/preconditions to project goal
- Includes outcomes/preconditions outside project scope that are necessary to achieve the goal
- Provides greater depth for pathways within project purview
- Includes assumptions/rationales
- Use multiple diagrams if needed



Requirement 1: Theory of Change

Narrative:

- Supplements—but does not replicate—diagram
- Details assumptions
- Provides evidence for less obvious pathway elements
- Describes how preconditions/outcomes outside project scope will be achieved

Requirement 2: LogFrame

- A LogFrame is a matrix summarizing Theory of Change but focused on project outcomes
- Shows what project will do, how, key assumptions, and how outputs/outcomes will be monitored/evaluated
- Levels of LogFrame: Goal, Purpose, Sub-Purpose, Intermediate Outcomes, Outputs—all stated as results
- All LogFrame elements should be measurable and context-specific

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Requirement 2: LogFrame

	Narrative Summary	Indicators (with targets)	Data Sources	Assumptions
Goal				
Project				
Purpose				
Sub-Purpose				
Intermediate				
Outcome				
Output				

Requirement 3: IPTT

IPTT should include all indicators for reporting:

- All applicable FFP "required" and "required if applicable" indicators
- Mission/State indicators
- Environmental indicators
- Indicators related to all levels of the LogFrame
- Indicator disaggregates and targets

Requirement 3: IPTT

In initial IPTT submission:

- Submit <u>baseline/final evaluation</u> targets as percentage point change. Update with real values after baseline survey
- Submit real values for annual monitoring indicator targets
- Provide base year values for annual monitoring indicators

Requirement 4: FFP M&E workshop

Awardees should attend the FFP/FANTA M&E workshop

- DRC: February 13 17, 2017
- Ethiopia: February 20-24 and 27 March 3
- DRC: Two days followed by three days of baseline workshop
- Ethiopia: Two days of intro sessions followed by three days of ToC, LogFrame and IPTT refinement for each award



Requirement 4: Workshop Outcomes

Submit IPTT and <u>revised</u> LogFrame/Theory of Change (ToC) to FFP after the M&E workshop:

- <u>Initial</u> IPTT (use FFP IPTT Template)
- Revised LogFrame and Theory of Change

Country	Submission Deadline
DRC	60 days after the ToC workshop (Sept'17)
Ethiopia	60 days after the M&E workshop (Feb'17)

Requirement 5: M&E Plan

- Theory of Change
- LogFrame
- Indicator Performance Tracking Table (IPTT)
- Performance Indicator Reference Sheets (PIRS)
- Annual Monitoring Plan: Annual monitoring strategy, data quality assurance/management/safeguard plan, M&E staffing/capacity development plan
- Evaluation Plan: Baseline study plan, mid-term evaluation plan, final evaluation plan



Requirement 5: M&E Plan

Country	Submission Deadline
Ethiopia	60 days after the M&E workshop
DRC	60 days after the ToC workshop

USAID Evaluation Policy issued in January 2011:

- Aims to help USAID learn more systematically from its work and increases accountability
- Calls for "large" and "pilot/innovative" projects (of any size) to undergo <u>external</u> evaluations
- Large projects designed based on a proven Theory of Change should undergo <u>performance evaluations</u>, whereas "pilot/innovative" projects should undergo <u>impact evaluations</u> (the latter only if feasible)

USAID Evaluation Policy issued in January 2011 (continued):

- Most FFP evaluations will be external (i.e., contract managed by USAID)
- Decision on whether impact or performance evaluation at discretion of operating unit (FFP)
- Most FFP food security projects will likely undergo performance evaluations (not impact evaluations)

Third-party survey firm to conduct baseline study

- Quantitative study must use population-based household survey (simple pre-post designs required only)
- Baseline survey must be comparable to the final evaluation survey
- Data collected for impact and some outcome indicators from IPTT; includes FFP gender indicators

Third-party survey firm to conduct baseline study

- Completed within first year of implementation as early as possible
- Baseline report will provide results by <u>award</u> and for the <u>overall FFP program implementation areas</u>
- Datasets also required to be submitted to comply with USG
 Open Data requirements
 - Development Data Library (DDL) Raw data in machine readable format
 - Development Experience Clearinghouse (DEC) USAID record depository which includes research reports, evaluations and assessments, tutorials, and training materials.

Third-party survey firm to conduct baseline study

- Awardees need to provide list of target communities to FFP by February
- Awardees can start implementation before data collection for the baseline is complete!

Requirement 6: Baseline Planning Workshop

Awardees should attend the Baseline Planning workshop

- DRC: With the M&E Workshop: February 13 17, 2017
- Ethiopia: March 13-15, 2017

Requirement 6: Baseline Planning Workshop

Baseline contractor will collect information to:

- Operationalize sample design
- Contextualize PIRS
- Adapt questionnaire to country-specific context
- Clarify design and content of the qualitative study (Ethiopia)
- Gather information on ground realities to inform logistical aspects of the field work

Requirement (DRC): ToC workshop

Awardees should attend the ToC workshop in September (5 to 6 days)

- Review the findings from the refinement phase studies, assessments, consultations, and baseline study
- Refine the theory of change based on the learning from the refinement phase
- Refine LogFrame and IPTT based on the refined ToC

Annual Requirements

Annual Requirements

Start-Up Stage Requirements

Annual Requirements

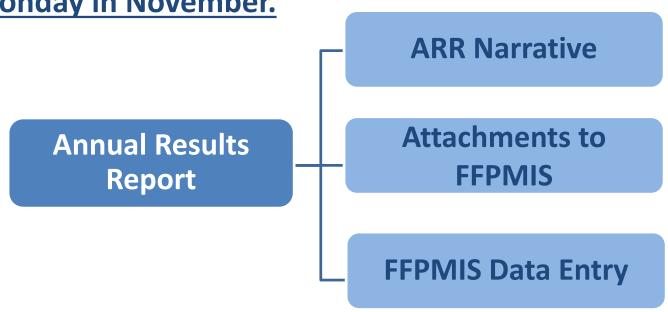
Midway Requirements

Project-End Requirements

Annual Requirements

Requirement 7: Annual Results Report

Submit annual results report (ARR)—retrospective reporting relative to US fiscal year (Oct .1–Sept. 30)—by the first Monday in November.



Requirement 7: Annual Results Report

1. ARR Narrative containing (max. 23 pp.):

- Annual Food Assistance Project Activities and Results
- Direct participants receiving multiple interventions by sector (SO/P) table
- Emphasis on quality; developed checklists as tools to help projects: ARR narrative; IPTT; Gender; Environment checklist
- Challenges, Successes and Lessons Learned

Annual Requirements

Requirement 7: Annual Results Report

2. Attachments to FFPMIS:

- Success Stories
- IPTT
- Detailed Implementation Plan (DIP)
- Technical Sectors Tracking Table
- Assessment, Evaluations and Study Reports
- Supplemental Materials

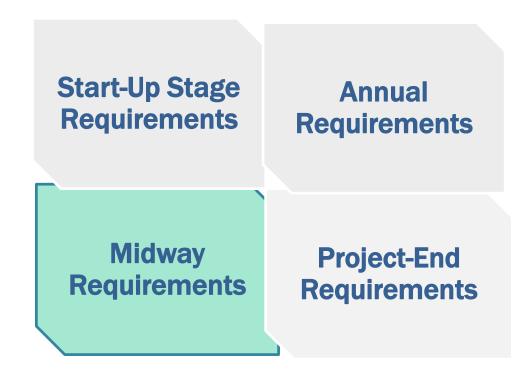
Requirement 7: Annual Results Report

3. FFPMIS Data Entry:

- Unique Direct Participant, Program Element and Resource Tracking Tables
- Monetization and Cost Recovery Tables
- Standardized Annual Performance Questionnaire (SAPQ)
- Actuals table if activities include LRP, cash transfer or voucher)

Midway Requirements

Midway Requirements



Midway Requirements

Requirement 8: Mid-Term Evaluation (Ethiopia)

Purpose of MTE:

- Review project implementation/ service delivery mechanisms
- Explore how well project follows implementation plans/meets targets
- Acceptability of methods to beneficiaries
- Signs of change associated with project interventions
- Ground-truth ToC

Midway Requirements

Requirement 8: Structured Joint Monitoring (DRC)

Purpose of Joint Monitoring:

- Review project implementation/ service delivery mechanisms
- Explore how well project follows implementation plans/meets targets
- Acceptability of methods to beneficiaries
- Signs of change associated with project interventions
- Ground-truth ToC

Midway Requirements

Requirement 8: Mid-Term Evaluation (Ethiopia)

Ethiopia Methodology:

- Primarily qualitative. Participatory methods are encouraged
- Focus on processes rather than results
- Review quality of service delivery, processes to create access to and demand for services, motivation of and capacity to provide services, and linkages.
- Not required to include quantitative component



Requirement 8: Mid-term Evaluation (Ethiopia)

Staffing:

- Team leader must be external
- MTE team should comprise expertise in all technical sectors and cross-cutting issues addressed by project
- No MTE team members should have previous responsibility in design/implementation of project under evaluation

Midway Requirements

Requirement 8: Mid-Term Evaluation (Ethiopia)

Process:

- Obtain approval for timing within 15 months of award
- Draft SOW for approval within 18 months of award
- Final report submitted within 36 months of award
- Final report uploaded to FFPMIS and DEC/datasets submitted to AOR within 30 days of final report approval
- Follow-up action plan submitted for AOR/USAID Mission approval within 45 days of FFP approval of final report

Midway Requirements

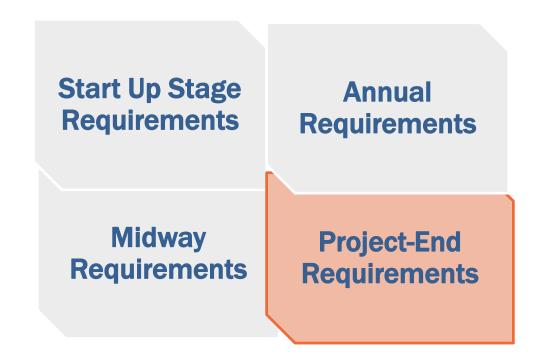
Requirement 8: Structured Joint Monitoring (DRC)

Process:

- Develop SOW within 18 months of award
- Team members include both FFP and awardee technical specialists
- Focus on processes
- Review quality of service delivery, processes for creating access to and demand for services, building capacity of service providers and investment on linkages.

Project-End Requirements

Project-End Requirements



Project-End Requirements

Requirement 9: Final Evaluation Study (Ethiopia)

- External managed by FFP
- Mixed method
- Quantitative study must use population-based household survey (simple pre-post designs required only).
- Final evaluation survey must be comparable to the baseline survey:
 - <u>Same</u> impact and outcome indicators and questionnaires <u>Same</u> time of year (even if baseline not conducted during lean season)
- Most will be performance evaluations with pre-post designs.

Project-End Requirements

Requirement 9: Interim Evaluation (DRC)

- External managed by FFP
- Mixed method
- Quantitative study must use population-based household survey (simple pre-post designs required only).
- Final evaluation survey must be comparable to the baseline survey:

<u>Same</u> impact and outcome indicators and questionnaires <u>Same</u> time of year (even if baseline not conducted during lean season)

Most will be performance evaluations with pre-post designs.

Project-End Requirements

Requirement 9: Interim Evaluation (DRC)

- Within four months of the interim external evaluation, FFP will notify awardees about extension
- Only exceptionally high performing/high achieving activities will be considered for an extension
 - Progress with key indicators
 - Sustainability

Resources

Resources

FFP Request for Applications http://www.usaid.gov/what-we-do/agriculture-and-food-security/food-assistance/programs/development-programs

FFP ARR Guidance http://www.usaid.gov/what-we-do/agriculture-and-food-security/food-assistance/guidance/implementation-and-reporting

USAID Evaluation Policy http://www.usaid.gov/evaluation/

FFPMIS http://www.fsnnetwork.org/food-peace-management-information-system-ffpmis-resources





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